## My Encyclopedia (Level 2)

| Description | Learners will develop their own encyclopedia booklets; building their <br> vocabulary and exploring objects and phenomena of interest to them by <br> capturing some interesting facts. |
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| Leading Question | Can you create a book of the most interesting things you know? |
| Total Time Required | 5 hours over 5 days |
| Supplies Required | Notebook, Pencils, Eraser and Colors |
| Subjects | Literacy, Art \& Design |
| Supervision | Low supervision |

DAY 1 - Today you will think about an encyclopedia, which is usually a book giving information on a subject or many subjects.

| Suggested <br> Duration | Activity and Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{5}$ minutes | - Our goal in this project is to create an Encyclopedia book with 24 different <br> words and make it very interesting and easy to read. <br> - There are a few different options when choosing the 24 words <br> $-\quad$Category 1: Recent Knowledge. Words or vocabulary that was learned <br> through other IFERB projects completed or recent schoolwork, e.g. <br> gravity, biodegradable. Category 2: Accessible Knowledge. Things <br> around learners that they are interested in e.g. how a fridge works, <br> what a toy is, etc. |

[^0]|  | - Category 3: Language Acquisition. Words that learners know in their mother tongue but do not know in English yet. <br> - Category 4: General Knowledge. A combination of nouns, verbs, adverbs and, adjectives <br> - Tip: <br> - A noun is a word or phrase that is the name of something (as a person, place, or thing) ex. Nelson Mandela, The Amazon forest, Mobile Phone <br> - A verb is a word that shows actions, motions, doing, or states of being.. Ex. Running, jumping, thinking. <br> - An adverb is a word used to modify a verb, an adjective, or another adverb and often used to show degree, manner, place, or time. Ex. Slowly, easily, above, below <br> - An adjective is a word that describes people, places, and things. Ex. Handsome, wide, sweet. <br> - We suggest using a combination of the above 4 categories or 6 words of each of these 4 categories (or just the last 3 categories if learners have not been using the IFERB projects). |
| :---: | :---: |
| 15 minutes | - Focus on using the different punctuation marks when writing each of the entries <br> - Input punctuation makes <br> - Period or Full Stop (comes at the end of a sentence) - I went on a ride on my bike. <br> - Question Mark (used to show a question) - how old are you? <br> - Exclamation Point / Mark (used to mark excitement) - It's my Birthday today! <br> - Comma (a mark breaking up points in a series) - Sarah, Adam, and Nadia went to the park. <br> - Colon (used to introduce a list of things) - Here's what I packed for the lunch: an apple, a juice box and some crisps. <br> - Semicolon (used to separate two related sentences) - My brother is clever; he loves to read. <br> - Apostrophe (used to show a short form of a longer word) - what's (what is) that over there I can't (cannot) see it? <br> - Quotation Marks (used to show someone is speaking) - The team yelled "Hurray! We won the game" |
| 20 minutes | - Design the layout of the book to make it look engaging. Think of the information that will make it interesting for people to read and the illustrations you are going to use. |

Start with 4 words on the first day based on the instructions given below.

- For example:

1. Gravity: Gravity is an invisible force that pulls us to the ground so we do
not float in the air. This is why we can easily come down a hill and it is
more difficult to go up a hill. There is no gravity in space and astronauts
have to tie themselves to their bed when they sleep!

- (The above uses a full stop / period, a colon and an exclamation point)

[^1]
## 20 minutes - Numeracy extension:

- Calculate how many of the words in your list are:
- nouns, verbs, adjectives and adverb
- Represent these as fractions, percentage and then decimal points in relation to the total of words (24):
- For example: (6-25\%-0.25-1/4) of my words are nouns, (50\%-0.5-1/2 $40 \%-0.4-2 / 5$ ) are verbs, (30\%-0.3-3/10 20\%-0.2-1/5) are adjectives, and ( $20 \%-0.2$ 1/5 15\%-0.15-15/100) are adverbs.
- Categorize what percentage and fraction of these are living and non-living
- For example: ( $3 / 10-0.3-30 \%$ ) of my examples are of living things and (7/10-0.7-70\%) of my examples are of non-living things.
- Count the total number of vowels across their 25 words and the total number of other alphabets and then add, subtract and multiply these numbers e.g. there are 26 vowels and then 300 other letters so we ask for $26+300,300-26$ and $300 * 26$. Represent the answer with the correct place values of thousands, hundreds, tens and ones.

Day 2 and 3 - For these 2 days, you will work on 6 new words.

| Suggested <br> Duration | Activity and Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| 45 minutes | - Work on 6 words a day. Draw illustrations and use punctuation marks at least once in these descriptions. |
| 15 minutes | - Numeracy extension <br> - Keep a tally of how often you use each punctuation mark, making a list of your most frequently used punctuation mark to least frequent. <br> - Figure out with punctuation mark is most used and subtract the tally number of the punctuation mark that is least used. <br> - Next, find the average by taking the number of punctuation marks from their tally and adding them up and then dividing that with the number of punctuation marks used. Ex. If I used 4 different punctuation marks and my total tally was $20(20 \div 4=5)$ |

[^2]DAY 4 - Today you will continue working on your encyclopedia book.

| Suggested <br> Duration | Activity and Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{4 5}$ minutes | - Work on 6 words a day and use all the punctuation marks at least once in <br> their descriptions. |
| $\mathbf{1 5}$ minutes | - Numeracy extension <br> $-\quad$ Keep a tally of how often you use each punctuation mark, making a list <br> of your most frequently used punctuation mark to least frequent. <br> - Create a table, using their colors they will create a column of their tally <br> number. In a separate column they will round up those numbers to the <br> nearest 10th for example if they used 16 commas they round up to 20. |

DAY 5 - Today you will finish the book and share it with your family.

| Suggested <br> Duration | Activity and Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 5}$ minutes | • Finish the last 6 words with descriptions, illustrations and punctuations. |
| $\mathbf{2 0}$ minutes | - Arrange the 24 words in alphabetical order <br> - |
|  | Design your encyclopedia booklet layout and make your encyclopedia <br> using the 24 words with descriptions, illustrations, and punctuations <br> arranged in alphabetical order. |
| -Design the cover and back page of your encyclopedia. Add the title, the <br> author and a meaningful illustration on the cover page along with relevant <br> colors to make it attractive. The title needs to be catchy and represent <br> what the book is about. The back page will have a summary of what the <br> book is about or have an example of what is inside. |  |
| - Then share the book with your family and friends for feedback! |  |
| - Family and peer feedback will include |  |
| o What do they love about the encyclopedia? |  |

EAA welcomes feedback on its projects in order to improve. For feedback please use this link https://forms.gle/pVXs3vQEufuzSShs7

|  | o Suggestions for improvement <br> - Use the feedback to revise your encyclopedia |
| :---: | :---: |
| 15 minutes | - Numeracy extension <br> - Count the number of words that start with each letter of the alphabet. Then create a table with each letter from $A$ to $Z$ and keep a tally of how many times you used a word that started with that letter. <br> - Calculate the percentage of the frequency of the letter that the highest number of words begin with. E.g. $30 \%$ of the words start with letter F. Formula: Number of words with A / Number of total words*100 <br> - Calculate the percentage of the least common letter e.g. only $1 \%$ of the words start with letter B <br> - Convert the percentages to decimals <br> Lastly, create a back-of-back index of their encyclopedia booklet. The index will help the readers access the information they are looking for easily. <br> - Paginate your encyclopedia booklet. Any index won't do a reader any good if there are no page numbers to refer to. <br> - Starting from the beginning of the encyclopedia booklet, learners will comb through the text for words they would like to index and their page numbers. Mark the words with their page numbers including repeated occurrences. <br> - Compile the words along with their page numbers into the text of the index. |
|  |  |


| 15 minutes | Final reflection on the project |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Reflect on your overall learning and experience in the project <br> - What are the 3 most important things you learned in the project? <br> • What 2 things did you love in the project? |

Additional
enrichment
activities:
Todifications for
simplification

## ASSESSMENT CRITERIA

$\square$ Design and creativityCritical thinking to think about the definitions of the words in each categoryClarity of writingSpelling accuracyUnderstanding of punctuations and types of wordsAbility to categorize and understand numbers in fractions, decimals and percentage


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